TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 12.

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE EVENING EDITION

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A YEAR AGO.THE BLIZZARD.

The raimlest day of the Spring emphasizes the first anniversary of the greatest storm New York ever knew. A year ago to-day the metropolis of the country was overtwhelmed by an icy gale the like of which many a Rocky Mountaineer never saw in all his life. Dakots pioneers who happened to be "on East" at the time baven't half done telling their children what a "rippin' old bliszer" they struck in Madison Square, and how they came "nigh onto losin' an ear in the Bowery !"

It is hard to realize now that millions of dollars which would have been to the credit of New York's merchants when they balanced heir books the 1st of last July were simply not there :

That scores, and perhaps hundreds, of families in this city and suburbs, and in Brooklyn, are to-day in mourning for the dear ones whose systems were undermined by exposure during that terrible time;

That many stout ships have " gone down in might of port" with crew and cargo, and many a pleasure and pilot boat vanished in the drift, only to be found on the lee shore of eternity; That the meteorology of the country has

been conceded to be in a perilously uncertain condition : That the quail and rabbit and sparrow crops are not yet anything like what they should be.

All on account of that blizzard! May we mever have another! Blow, winds, and crack your cheeks Out on the Rocky mountain peaks! But, as for us, give us a Spring With balmy breezes 'neath her wing!

GIVE THE BOY A CHANCE. The law declares that an accused must be presumed innocent until proven guilty. The suspicions of detectives are not proof.

There is an instinct of fair play in the mind of every true man. Towards children this instinct goes out with special strength. Give the boy KRULISCH a "chance for

NONE IN SIGHT TO-DAY.

No Blizzards in Stock at the Weather Shop.

Only Sunshine and Indications of Spring.

portho es answered:

"It will be warm and fair to day, with light westerly winds. To morrow it will be still warmer, giving us a slight touch of."

He didn't conclude the sentence, but as he walked away he hummed sottly: Spring, Spring, gentle Spring.

The clock bell in an adjoining room gave en distinct "che-tnut" raps as he finished he last verse and sileuce reigned.
"Well, what else?" he suddenly asked.
"Something about the temperature, clease." timidly replied the reporter.
Then he rattled this off:

New York, 34 degrees; Philadelphia, 22 de-trees; Boston, 36 degrees; Washington, 36 de-grees; cudest place in the country. Northfield. 44., 12 degrees; warmest place, Key West, 66

Then he asked for an instalment of last rear's blizzard.
"I can te I you how it happened and that is all," he replied. "On Faturday, March 10, 1888, a storm gathered at Grand Haven, Mich. It moved towards the East and on Sunday morning was central over Parry Sound, Canada. At the same time a storm centred

Canada. At the same time a storm centred over Georgia.

"Both storms began to move towards each other. The Georgia one got here first with an instalment of rain, and at midn ght, March 11, the other reached here. Then it began to snow. The temperature fell rapidly and then began an increase of energy. This made high winds.

made high winds.

'The temperature at 7 A. M. on that day within the confines of the blizzard ranged as follows: New York, 24 degrees: Philadelphia, 22 degrees; Washington, 25 degrees: Boston, 25 degrees, Washington, 25 degrees: Boston, 26 degrees, and Blook Island, 36 degrees.

'The temperature fell rapidly, running down to tsu degrees. It did not stop snowing until March 14, when a total fall of two sand a half feet was recorded. The highest velocity of the wind was fifty miles an hour. Then the storm skipped out to see and was tost. There's your big blizzard. Anything more?"

'No, thank you. I'll come and see you next was." said the reporter as he made his escape.

The writer of the story narrates how he met Col. A.—, late of the Confederate service, on a Hudson River boat. Casually they discussed ciphote, and at the Colonel's house in New York the latter described a remarkable incident in his lite. While ship wrecked on an island in the Pacific the aun was suddenly obscured by an apparent meteor, which fell on the island spreading ruin and devastation. The Colonel narrowly escaped, and examining the debris of the seeming meteor discovered a metallic case containing a peculiar manuscript in a mysterious cipher. This manuscript he gives the writer on condition that if he deciphers and publishes it he shall conceal the identity of the donor.

The first chapter of the MA, describes the construction of the satronaut, the machine in which the hardy roy ager starts for the planet Mars. The motive power is a newly discovered regulaire force called apergy. The satronaut is sir-tight, and the air within is kept pure. The voyage is commenced and the actronaut rises from the earth and in a few hours is travelling through space towards the planet at the rate of 40,000 miles an hour. On the thirty-numb day of the trip the voyager prepares for his landing on the planet, and the astronaut is carefully plotted to within 8,000 miles of Mars. "No, thank you. I'll come and see you next year," said the reporter as he made his escape.

Notes Editor of The Evening World:
Received double gold eagle (\$20), dream ournament prize. Yours, with thanks, John E. J. Buckey, Cumberland, Md., March 9.



Novel Discussion.

Correspondents Who Have Taken Snakes to Ireland.

Much Evidence Pro and Con as to Whether Snakes Can Live in Ireland.

Is It a Popular Superstition ?

To the Snake Editor of The Evening World:

The assertion so frequently made that snakes cannot exist anywhere in Ireland is as ridiculous as it is incorrect. Those of your readers who have ever visited the Zoological Gardens in Phoenix Park, Dublin, must have seen quite a number of snakes of various kinds in an exceedingly lively condition. At the same time it is un loub eally true that the climate and soil of the Br tish islands are not particularly tavorable to snake life. Scotland is as comparatively free from reptiles as Ireland, while the only snakes to be found in England, and there principally in the south-ern counties, are a little blown snake which is perfectly harmles (I have known children to play with it) and the common adder. G.

Here We Are Again.

To the Snake Editor of the Evening World; In answer to your invitation to throw some right on the subject of Irish snakes I give you the following as a correct version of a snake story. In 1885 Richard Connolly, section boss on the Pennsylvania Railroad, section coss on the Fennsylvania Railroad, three miles from William-port, Pa., became so annoyed from snakes entering the cliar of his house and drinking his milk that he sent to Ireland and obtained a box full of earth. This he placed in a circle around his house and from that time afterwards Mr. Connolly's cellar was not visited by snakes.

WM. BYENER,

Section Boss Pennsylvania Railroad. Again Those Human Specimens.

In the Snake Editor of The Evening World; I maintain that some of the greatest snakes on record have lived in Ireland. We have had abundant evidence these last six or seven years that the above sa ement is true. For instance Carey and Figott, two of the most dangerous reptiles that ever existed on earth, had their little time there in spite of St. Patrick. But where are they now? That's a conundrum.

60 Henry street 60 Henry street.

A Theory, Ain't It?

To the Snake Editor of The Evening World:

A gentleman who was stationed in Dublin in Her Majesty's Thirty-fourth Foot in 1874-5. states that a circus was making a tour of the country at the time, in name Battie's Circus. He says while they were going through the He says while they were going through the County Wicklow some snakes escaped, and were not recaptured until 1877 or 1878. He avers positively that they were captured alive at the time. The natives said of course they would die. There was some excitement at the time over the matter. There are likely to be others who remember the facts as well. One of the theories in Ireland is this, that the hazel is sacred and blessed by Saint Patrick and therefore snakes caunot live where that grows, as it does in Ireland. The most reasonable theory, I think, is the coldness of the land.

HARRY L. SEBASTIAN.

55 Broad street, Stamford, Conn.

He Has Tried the Experiment.

Perceiving that the topic for popular discussion in THE EVENING WORLD this week is: Can Snakes Live in Ireland? I hasten to send in my contribution, having had considerable experience in the snake line myself. Why, The Westher-Sharp on the Equitable

Makes an Explanation.

"No, sir. Very sorry, but we can't accommodate you this morning."

This is what the young man behind the counter in the weather shop in the Equitable Building told an Evenne World young man belief the bottom, I went to England, procured several healthy snakes, and returned to Ire-Building told an Evenino World young man who had asked him if there were any blizzards in sight.

'You are a little late, my friend," he added with dignity, "we don't keep last year's stock in this establishment."

'Well, what can you give me to-day?" asked the reporter.

The weather gentleman then walked from behind his counter and after consulting a big printing press, haf a dozen complicated machines and squinted through one of the portho es, answered:

"It will be warm and fair to-day, with

A Voyage to Mars.

MARVELLOUS ACCOUNT OF THE

SYNOPSIS OF PROLOGUE AND OPENING CHAPTERS.

PEOPLE AND CIVILIZATION OF ANOTHER PLANET.

Second Day's Session of a They Join in the Protest of Boston's Some Conundrums Too Good for the Injured Tailors.

> Tenement-House Work for the Hub They Didn't Get the Prize, but Are Capt. Wartz Says "The Evening Hurts Their Business.

Against the Cheap Labor Scheme.

PEPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD, I

Boston, March 12. - Interest grows every moment in the matter of local cothiers send. ing goods to New York to be made up at tenement house prices, and the 5,000 tailors who claim to be affected by the operation are determined to push things vigorously and stop the proceedings if possible.

At a large meeting of the Clothing Pressmen's Union held last evening in Bay State Hail, 197 Shawmut avenue, it was stated that yesterday 500 coats had been sent to New York to be made up at 8714 cents, when the regular price here was \$1.50, and that nearly the same number had been sent at 45 cents

which were generally made here for \$1.25.

These goods, it was c aimed, were made up in the lowest quar ers and it was said that one place was in Hester street, which the

one place was in Hester street, which the speaker characterized as a hog market.

The goods were often made up in a room which was used as a living, working and sleeping room, where per ons lay sick of contactous discusses or where the clothing became in essed with vermin.

It was said that many of the local contractors or sweaters would join with the Union in trying to stop the sending of these goods to New York, as their business was threatened with extinction.

It was decided to hold a mass meeting next Sunday at which some promittent speakers. Sunday at which some prominent speakers, including contractors, will address the meeting, giving names of firms -ending goods to New York, and some interesting facts and figures in connection with them.

An Evening World reporter visited several New York factories this morning where ready-made goods are manufactured. The proprietors in most cases refused to talk about the tailors grievances, or to allow the reporter to converse with any of the em

plovees.
On an upper floor of 2 Bowery, however, where a score of men and girls were busy at work, was found Halph Aronson, formerly Secretary of the Executive Board of the United Tailors' Union of New York. He said:
"The entire tailoring system in New York is practically run on the 'sweating' plan, and the condition of the tailors of Boston is, without doubt, a stated.

without doubt, as stated.

"I know that the wholesale clothiers of Boston send their work on to this city to be made, and there is good ground for the allegation that the clothing made in tenement-houses is impregnated with the germs of dis-

ease. The reason for this condition of things 'The reason for this condition of things is that in Boston the tailors receive a certain salary—about \$14—without regard to the amount of labor they perform. In this city, under the so-called 'sweating' plan, a good operator can't make over \$10. Ostensibly we work for \$18 a week, but we are compelled to do an amount of labor which is utterly impossible to do. An operator, in order to make his salary of \$18, must make from 8 to 16 coats per day.

per day.
"The condition of the tailors is most deplorable, but what can we do? The union was broken up two years ago, and since that the manuac urers have done as it best suited them. An attempt is being made to reorgan-ize, but it is hard work to educate a certa n class of ignorant people, who can't see where their own interests are to be served."

THE LADIES ARE DELIGHTED.

There Are Many New Costumes That Are

Graceful and Becoming. The upper floor of Denning's establishment, at Broadway and Tenth street, was filled with delighted women yesterday at the opening of spring gowns and bonnets. The stuffs and styles shown are alike lovely. The Empire influence shown are alike lovely. The Empire influence is apparent in the fashioning, but so many variations from the old models have been made in the interests of grace and becomingness that the results cannot be claimed by any period save the present. A superb evening dress which attracted great attention is of the new shade of bronze faille, in combination with flowered silk—a shell-pink ground covered with purple fleur-de-lys, each blossom perfect as an exquisite painting. Pale blue crèpe, a girde of gold galloon and bunches of ostrich feathers in bronze, couper and light blue are employed. The latter appear above the puff of the sleeve on the right shoulder, attaching the drappries on the left side and lying in the folds of the long train. train.

A costume much admired was an old-fashioned, black "'iron grenadine," with a border of grass-

Tais. Is quite Funny.

This Is Quite Funny.

The Exerting World:

Allow me as an unsucceasful competitor to congratulate you and Judge Carleton on the appropriateness of the award of the prize to a "Bobbie" for a "Copper" conundrum.

Brooklyn, March 12.

Money Lev Trees Brown.

Money Lev Trees Brown.

Allow me as an unsucceasful relievee diseases while teething. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere.

Allow me as a cottnil for the serven that variety cannot four the thing. The serven that variety and even that variety cannot four the former to the ground; a "Connemara," and a plain, full circular. These come in both real and imitation that the proper to the ground; a "Connemara," and a plain, full circular. These come in both real and imitation that the proper to the ground; a "Connemara," and a plain, full circular. These come in both real and imitation that the proper was an expectation on the appropriateness of the award of the prize to a "Bobbie" for a "Copper" conundrum.

Brooklyn, March 12.

These Brown.

Money L's Treerence Cordial relieves diseases while teething. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. "."

IRISH SNAKES THESWEATERS, TOO AFTERMATH! WORKING THE CLUE

The Police Trying to Locate the Blonde Woman. Waste-Basket.

Worth Reading.

Plans for Vigorous Campaigning With This Batch We'll Switch Off from Strange to Say, the Dead Clerk's Trunk the Conundrum Feature.

> Two Raises. What is the difference b tween a man holding a straight flush at poker and a heavy eas One sees a heavy raise and the other raises

Philosophical. Why are all blind men philosophers? Because they feel less of eyes (philosophize). R. S. Thompson, 28 Barclay street.

For Washingtonians What is the difference between a Washington boy and a suicide? One is a felo de se and the other is a D. C.

High Beard. Why is a plank on top of Trinity Church steeple like a fashionable boarding-house?
Because the board is very high. LENT.

The Batter In Everything Why is a game of baseball tike a buckwheat cake? Because it depends a great deal on the atter.

EDWARD O. DONNELL.

Attention, Letter-Writers. Why need you never fear a postscript? Because it is necessarily sub-missive

Our Late Here.

At what time during the war did Gen. Grant's early training prove most advantage-When he tanned or leathered the rebels. GEO. J. HANNAN, 300 East Fifty-second street.

For "The World" Correspondent. What is the difference between Bismarck ond the Samoan embroglio?
One inclines to seize, the other Klein seer O. E. J. and the Samoan embroglio?

A Question of Muzzles. What is the difference between a baseball catcher and a soldier at war?

One muzzles the lace and the other faces the muzzle. R. A. Mac, 124 Front street,

From a Well-Known Humorist. When does a negro become an indspensa ble adjunct to the school-room? When his wife lectures him, for then he is black bored.

Why would a bill collector make a good detective? Because he's always finding people out.

What should be done with laws which are
no longer respected?

They should be sent to the "dead letter"

office.

Why is a young lady given to cutting acquaintances like the Capitol at Washington?

Because she is noted for her stony stares (stairs).

W. H. Sivitza.

Profitable for Both. Why is a person who has a penchant for cheap things like a saloon-keeper?
because he is interested in bargains.
772 Fulton street, Brooklyn.

Oh, Shun Such Jokes. Why is the " Broad Atlantic" like an unsubstantial thing o. the imag nation? It is only a nouon (an ocean).

Cinnsient. Why is Mecca like Hutchinson's corner in

Because there was a great prophet (profit) 1062 Forest avenue. A Friendly Question. Why are friends of my childhood like

maginary friends? Because they are friends of mine in fancy H. W. FISHER, 312 East Fourteenth street. A Sticker.

What is the difference between a wound What is the the said the plaster covering it?
One hurts the hide, while the other hides
P. F. D. A Hint to the Mayor.

Why is Mayor Grant like a native of Cey-Because he is a Cingalee (single he).
J. G., 356 East Seventy-second street.

Two Promising Ones. Why is a minister not so good a man as a gambler?

A Question of Writing. Why is it impossible to write straight on ruled paper?

Because the writing will be on an incline jos. W. LERMAN, 11 St. Mark's place.

Our Explorer. Why is Thomas Stevens, the bicycle hero, and THE WORLD, like a lady's eyes? Because they correspond but do not meet.

J. G., 356 East Seventy-second street.

New York Markets.

WHEAT.—May opened 4c. off, at 95% advanced a point and then steadily declined until 94%. was struck. At noon the quotations stood at 95c. June opened at 96%.c.; July, 93c. Market active. Chicago weak. Cables dull.

Co Ton.—Futures opened quiet but steady at 1 point from iast night closing quotations. March. 10.01; April. 10.06; May, 10.14; June. 10.22; July, 10.29; Aug., 10.36; Sept. 9.96; Oct., 9.75; Nov. and Dec. 9.64; Jan. 9.75. Cables dull. but steady.

COFFEE.—The market opened steady from unchanged prices to 15 points off. March. 17.10; April. 17.15; May, 17.20; June. 17.25; July, 17.40; Aug., 17.55; Sept., 17.60; Oct. 17.70; Nov. Dec. Jan. and Feb. 17.80. Havre steady. New York Markets.

PERBOLEUM.—Pipe line certificates opened un-changed at \$19c., advanced to \$15c., and de-cined to \$0.,c. Market dull.

Now is the Time To purify your blood and fortify your system against the debilitation effects of spring weather. At no other

World's" Clue Is Important.

Has Not Been Opened.

THE EVENING WORLD'S exclusive story pub lished yesterday, showing conclusively that the murdered drug clerk Wech ung did have an intrigue with a woman, and a married one one at that, whose husband had found them at least once together under compromising circumstances, has surprised the police. Police Captain Warts, of the East Fifty

first Street Police Station, said to an Even ING WORLD reporter this morning : " It is the most valuable c ue we have had since the finding of the murderous batchet with which the deed was committed. I am free to say that I had about given up the idea

of a woman in connection with the case. At first I felt sure the crime was a deed of a revenge, with which a woman was in some way connected.

"I instructed my detectives to look for the woman in the case. Every one who kurw Wechsung positively declared that he was singularly free of intrigues with women. They admitted that he occasionally frequented resorts where fast women were to be met, but insisted that his dealings with them at such times were only of the most casual kind.

kind.

"Now, the story told by the Brooklyn druggist, William Wagner, and Wechsung's former room mate in that city, William Ohly, throws new light on the great mystery, and my men are lending all their energies now in trying to find that woman."

"Have you examined the dead clerk's trunk yet?" asked the reporter,

"No. We found no trunk when searching his room in Doepiner's drug storo," he replied.

plied,
Just then Druggist Doepfner entered the
station house. He wanted to see the captain
priva ely. When questioued he said that
Wechsung had a small trunk which was sent
to him by Ohly from Brooklyn about six

weeks ago.

"Where is it now?" asked Capt. Warts.

"Down in the cellar, in some corner, under my drug store."

Ohly states that when he packed the trunk, before send ng it to New York by Wechsung's request, there were at least twenty love letters in it, all from the blonde woman. Some of the missives had her name and address in full signed to them.

Druggist Doepfner said he had never seen the trunk opened. Wechsung always kept it carefully locked.

the trunk opened. Wechsung always kept it carefully locked.

"Will you examine it to-day?" Capt. Warts was asked.

"I do not know," he replied. "We are kept so busy following up the clues which you newspaper men ferret out that we may not have time. You may be sure, though, that the trunk will be searched soon," he

concluded.

Then he went into his private room with Drnggist Doepfner.

They were closeted together for fifteen minutes.

Capt. Warts would not say what they taked about when he reappeared, but evidently he had received some new and important information. Druggist Doepfner also refused to talk.

He refused to discuss the case any further at all.

tall. He had evidently been instructed not to do so.

Mrs. Conrad Henne, the wife of an up-holsterer, who lives at 161 East Fifty-seventh street, is a medium rized, pretty, blonde-haired woman, and tallies with the description

haired woman, and tallies with the description given by Druggist Waggener of the woman who called on Wechaung at different times while he worked in Brooklyn.

It was thought that perhaps she did go there to collect his board bill, as Wechaung used to board with her and her husband. Her husband denied that she ever d.d so this morning. He said he was married five years and always lived within a block of his present address.

address.

Wechsung never owed him a cent until recently, and his wife never called to collect that from him at Waggener's, Doepfner's or any piace else. or any piace else.
"I thought the world of him, and would share my last dollar with him," said Mr. Henne. "Inever had a particle of trouble with him. Neither did my wife. He was loarding with us at the time of his murder," he concluded.

concluded. Wechsung's whilom friend Polzin does not Wechsung's whilom friend Polzin does not like the notoriety which he has attained in connection with the case. He seemed nervous and irritable and refused to talk any more about the tragedy when seen by the reporter this morning.

An Evening World man saw the boy Krulisch at the Tombs this morning. He was chipper and calm as usual, and when the reporter jokingly asked him if he had confessed he replied cooly:

'Haven't anything to confess."

'Do you ever remember seeing a blonde lady call at the store and ask for Wechsung?"

'No, sir; I do not."

'No, sir,"

WORLDLINGS.

Count von Moltke, the great German Field Marshal, has been a soldier for nearly seventy years, having enlisted in the Prussian army in

Mrs. Mutsu, wife of the Japanese Minister at Washington, is a most energetic young woman. Besides making 1,200 calls during the season just closed she has half finished her task of translating a Japanese novel into English.

Mrs. W. D. Howells is a sister of the sculpton Larkin G. Mead, and she was herself an art student abroad at the time of her marriage to the novelist. Mr. Howells's son is a student at Harvard University.

The remains of an unknown prehistoric mon ster have been dug up near Livingston. Neb., by well-diggers. One of the teeth of the animal measured 11 inches long by 4 in breadth.

Silk-Ribbon Weavers Go on Birike. Twenty silk-ribbon weavers employed in Hellman & Son's factory, at College Point, L. L. struck this morning for an increase in the scale of wages ranging from 20 to 48 per cent. It is only a short time ago that the weavers in the ribbon manufactory of Smith & Kaufmann, in this city, struck for a similar increase, and got it.

says His Wife Tried to Fire the House. Mrs. Alice Regan, of 15 Wolcott street, Brook lyn, was this morning held to await examination on a charge of attempted arson preferred by her husband. Timothy, who charges that last night she put a lot of old clothes on the fire and tried to burn down the house. Fire Marshal Lewis is investigating.

THE CHORUS OF FUNNY MEN.

SOME AMUSING OBSERVATIONS BY THE PROFESSIONAL HUMORISTS.

> The Wrong Door. [From Puch.]



Mr. de Spare-You have spurned me with con tempt, and when I close this portal behind me l shall be lost to the world for r-r-ever!
Miss Cooldorf (quietly)—I think you will. Mr.
de Spare, if you go out that way. Wolf hasn't
had any breakfast to-day.

[From the Philadelphia Record.] Editor's Wife (laying down a book)—What marvellous imagination Jules Verne has! Great Editor - Yes; I wish I could hire him for Washington correspondent.

A " Ten He" Effect.

[Prom the Boston Commercial Bulletin.]

It is said Baltimore men have instituted the

sustom of giving afternoon teas. This must make the ladies exclaim "Tea he." From Gay to Grave. [From the Chicago Mail.] Put away the V-shaped bodice; Hang up the directoire gown. Gayety's no longer goddess; Lent has swooped down on the town.

The Difference.

If you put a sign upon a door with the word Paint " painted upon it, half of the passes-by will question the veracity of the statement and put out an investigating finger. When there is ice upon the sidewalk, the case is entirely differ-ent. People tumble to that at once without having their attention called to it at all.

Marrying Money. (From the Chicago Herald.)
"So Chump has married that poor Miss Per-

"Yes. Love in a cottage and all that sort of thing, you know."
"That wou't do for me. I'm going to strike for a rich girl, who will support me in the style to which she has been accustomed and I haven't

(From the Chicago Herald.) Hungry Tramp-Madam, will you please give e something to eat 7 Lady of the House-Well, here's a mince pie. But I'm afraid to have you eat t. The cook isn't sure that she didn't use rough on rate by mis-take, and I was just going to put it into the stove.

'No. Lemme have it. I've eaten mince pie and lived, and I'll take my chances on rough on

A Friendly Caution.



Mr. Weepleigh (who has come around the cor-

ner unexpectedly)-Good morning, Uncle Philip!
Philip—Good mornin'. Squire; good mornin', sah! I war jist a-comin' up to yo' house fer ter warn yer dat deys a new family ob coons moved in ober on d' hill, an' dey's li'ble ter be fond ob chick'ns. How's yo' Leghorns a-gittin' long, sah?

THE INQUEST WAS A FARCE.

POLICEMAN LAVIN EXONERATED FOR FA-TALLY CLUBBING JANITOR PFOST.

Coroner Schultze this morning began his investigation of the death of Caspar Pfost, an tor of the building at 443 West Twentysixth street, who on March 3 received fatal juries from a club in the hands of Policeman Lavin, of the West Twentieth street police. Lavin and a companion named Bannon had

from his injuries in the New York Hospital. The inquest was conducted very loosely, A man named Malloy, who witnessed the whole affair, and whose evidence was dam-aging to the policeman, was a nt from the stand after a hasty examination, in which none of the jurors had an opportunity to participate.

Mrs. Pfost, the widow of the deceased jan.

itor, who was an eye-witness of the row, was allowed to tell her version of the affair in German, and the Coroner, when remonstrated with for this course, simply replied: "Oh it's all right; some of the jurors speak Ger As a natural consequence, the policeman wis exon rated from all blame, and re-

turned to his precinct.

Hearing the "L's" Charges Against Law

yers. A number of witnesses were before the Grand Jury this morning to give evidence against the lawyers, charged by the Manhattan "L' Company with champetry, in stirring up litigation against the Company by inducing those who had claims for damages to prosecute them. An indictment will probably be presented to-

Mr. Williamson's Millions.

ate millionaire, L. V. Williamson, the grandephews and grandnieces of the deceased get the bulk of the estate, which amounts to over 88,000,000 outside of the 82,250,000 fund for the Mechanical School. A million dollars goes for charitable purposes, and the brothers and sisters of the testator, with their children, are remembered in special bequests.

IMPORTANT IN SPRING.

Advice What People Should Take During the Spring Months-A Remedy Cortain to Produce Bene-

In the spring everybody begins to think about taking a spring medicine. Not only is this a very common practice, but a very necessary and healthful one. It is a fact which physicians acknowledge and the people recognize generally, that a spring tonic taken during the months of March, April and May is more conductve to the restoration of health in cases of those who are sick than any other course of treatment that could pos-

iby be adopted.

It is further understood by everybody that even for those who call themselves well it is very important at this season of the year, if they would maintain good this season of the year, if they would maintain good the season of the year, if they would maintain good the season of the year, if they would maintain good the year. realth and vigor, to take a spring remedy to stre and invigorate the nerves, tone up the action of all the organs, and thus, by creating a healthy condition of the erves, blood, stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels, asist Nature in the efforts she always makes in the spring

see Nature in the efforts she always makes in the spring to cleanse, purify and invigorate the system. In the spring there are great and important changes going on in the body. Perfect health cannot be main-tained while the system in clogged and the organs sing-gish, and the person has a languid and weakened feeling, with more or less nervousness and debility. If the person has previously been sick these symptoms will be much aggravated; there will be a weak, tired and nervous condition, with sisepless and restless nights, a tired waking in the morning, no appetite for breakfast, a bad taste in the mouth, dull head and general dispirited feelings. In severe cases there will be a feeling of great erhaustion and prostration, and the pervouse very marked, with no inclination for exertion, the work of the day being done with an effort. For such cases as these be sure and use that remark-

For such cases as these be sure and use that remarkable invigorator and tonic, Dr. Greene's Nervura, the great nerve, brain and blood invigorant. It is prenounced by everybody, doctors as well as the people, to be the best spring medicine in existence, and has taken rank as the greatest and most important medical discovery of modern times. Under the use of this wonderful remedy that weak, tired and nervous feeling disappears; the nerves become strong and steady: the nights are restful, and the aleep natural and refreshing; the appetite returns, good digestion and regular action of appetite returns, good digestion and regular action of the bowels are established, the kidneys and liver are restored to healthy action and the vital energies, strength and vigor of the system perfectly built up.

This truly remarkable spring remedy, which is purely vegetable and harmless, is for sale by all druggists at \$1 per bottle, and if any one desires to be perfectly and per manently cured of all those disagreeable feelings, weak ness and exhaustion incident to spring, take our organs recommendation and get a bottle of this medicine. It will well remay you, as we can testify from will well repay you, as we can testify from our own experience of its marvellous curative powers, and you have our assurance that you will not be disappointed. Be sure and ask for Dr. Greene's Nervurs, as druggists sure and ask for Dr. Greene's Nervurs, as druggists sometimes recommend their own preparation or something on which they make a greater profit. Do not be persuaded to take any other remedy in place of this, as we really believe that this is the greatest and best of all spring medicines. Dr. Greene, the discoverer of this great remedy, is the eminent and skilful specialist in the cure of nervous and chronic discasses who gives consultation and advice to the sick, free of charge, at his office, 35 West 14th st., New York, personally

FOR MUNITIONS OF WAR.

THE GOVERNMENT SENDS A LARGE ORDER TO THE ALLEGHENY ARSENAL.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.] PITTSBURG, Pa., March 12.-The fact has eaked out that a large order for munitions

of war was received at the Allegheny Arsenal on Saturday. The order came direct from the War Department at Washington.

The officers began at once to take an account of stock and to make arrangements for filling the requisition. There is a large quantity of ammunition and material on hand at present, with facilities for manufacturing There is an extensive plant at the Arsenal.

with steam hammers and forges, machine hops and a number of buildings that could be turned into use for shops and forge houses.

During the war the principal work done there was the manufacture of gun carriages, ammunition, bridles, bits and horse equip-

ments.

The place could be made ready in a few days to turn out all the various munitions of war in large quantities.

It is thought the order was prompted by the Samoan rumors, the Administration wishing to be prepared for any possible

EGAN'S MEXICAN PROSPECTS. He Admits He Is Being Urged for the Mission, and Wost Say He Will Decline It. Mr. Patrick Egan, after seeing Father Malone, of Brooklyn, and Father Rouald, of Lowell, this morning at the Astor House, was interviewed by an Evening World reporter in regard to the Mexican mission which is said to be waiting for him.

"I don't feel tike speaking on that point, when nothing more conclusive has been arrived at." he said with his gentle smile. "It is true that some of the prominent men whom I saw in Washington were interested in my appointment to some mission, and Mexico was the one talked of."

"If it were offered you, would you accept it?"

"It wouldn't be nice to answer that ques-tion either," said Mr. Eagan.

The Secret of Their Cause Fully Explained... Why Ladies Are Sallew And Men Pallid ... Some Valuable Facts on the Subject.

In passing along the leading streets in almost any city in America to-day one will meet with but few ladies who have clear complexions. Many persons have tried to count for this sad fact because of the severe climate of merica, but such reasoning is wrong. A bad complexion is caused by impure blood, and no lady can be eally beautiful and no man ruddy who has diseased or mpure blood.

The best known way of keeping the blood pure taby

cooping it circulating. In this way it passes rapidly through the lungs, kidneys and liver, and is constantly purified. But supposing the system is clogged up, as is requently the case, then of course the blood becomes imours. Then far too often men and women take some powerful purgative, pill or other substance, that clears the body quickly, weakens the strength and leaves the system in worse condition than before. The only sepai-ble way is to take a gentle, pure and natural purgative. terately but regularly, and the highest known medica authorities of the day agree that the genuine imported Carisbad Sprudel Salt is infinitely superior to any other natural preparation known to the world. It is gentle, yet stimulating: it is pure, yet powerful. Containing only natural properties, being evaporated from the celebrated Carlebad Sprudel Spring, it cannot injure he body in the least, and yet it has never failed to renew life, purify the blood and thus clear the complexion. Hundreds of doctors have given it their unqualified indorsaments; thousands of people go each year to the Carlebad Springs, but they can obtain no greater benefit than by taking the Carlebad Sprudel Salt in its powdered form, such as can be procured at any drug store in the land. When it is considered that the Carlebad Salt casts are precisely little more than the Carlebad Salt casts are precisely little more than the Carlebad Salt casts are precisely little more than the Carlebad Salt casts are precisely little more than the Carlebad Salt casts. in the land. When it is considered and the cheap, ques-field costs, practically, little more than the cheap, ques-tionable and often injurious fields, purgatives and Bit-ter Waters that are in the market, one bottle being entiter waters that are in the market, one bottle being end; ficient for nearly a month, all persons who keep page with the times and desire only what is best, will see that it is to their interest to use only the Carlebad. Each bottle is in a light blue paper cartoon and has the signature Elemer & Mendelson Co., sole agents, on every best the. One bottle mailed upon receipt of one dollar. Dr.! Toboldt's lecture and pamphiets mailed free upon application, Elemer & Mendelson Co., G Barvlay st., Meer York.

ISPECIAL TO YEL EVENING WORLD. I DEILADELPHIA, March 12. - By the will of th

"You used to mail letters for Wechsung, been detailed in citizen's dress for BAD COMPLEXIONS. didn't you?' excise duty. Bannon succeeded "Were any of them addressed to women?"
"No, sir. I never mailed any except to gaining admission to the saloon on the ground floor of 443 West Twenty-sixth street, gentlemen."

Krulisch says that on the afternoon when
he is supposed to have purchased the axe he
left the store about 12.10, arriving home at
12.20. He are his dinner and started back at Because, no matter how good a man he is the gambler is the better. J. W. L. but on attempting to arrest the proprietor, Miller, was set upon by the crowd inside, Lavin attempted to go to his comrade's sa. sistance, but found the door looked, and 12.50. Arriving at the store at 1 o'clock. He remained there all the afternoon.

Lawyer Purdy has decided to let Krulish remain in the Tombs awhile. He has decided to do the, in order that the detectives may while pounding for admission was interrupted by Pfost, who ordered him off the A souffle ensued in which Pfost was beater not bother him. into insensibility, and subsequently died